## Senate File 436 - Introduced

SENATE FILE 436
BY GUTH, SCHULTZ, ROZENBOOM,
WHITING, JOHNSON, CARLIN,
and J. TAYLOR

## A BILL FOR

- 1 An Act relating to the standard of judicial review and
- 2 providing a claim or defense when a state action burdens a
- 3 person's exercise of religion, and including effective date
- 4 provisions.
- 5 BE IT ENACTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE STATE OF IOWA:

## S.F. 436

- 1 Section 1. NEW SECTION. 675.1 Short title.
- 2 This chapter shall be known and may be cited as the
- 3 "Religious Freedom Restoration Act".
- 4 Sec. 2. NEW SECTION. 675.2 Legislative purpose and intent.
- 5 The purpose and intent of this chapter is all of the
- 6 following:
- 7 l. To restore the compelling interest test as set forth
- 8 in Sherbert v. Verner, 374 U.S. 398 (1963) and Wisconsin v.
- 9 Yoder, 406 U.S. 205 (1972), and to guarantee its application in
- 10 all cases where the free exercise of religion is substantially
- 11 burdened by state action.
- 12 2. That this chapter be interpreted consistent with the
- 13 Religious Freedom Restoration Act of 1993, 42 U.S.C. §2000bb et
- 14 seq., federal case law, and federal jurisprudence.
- 15 3. To provide a claim or defense to a person whose exercise
- 16 of religion is substantially burdened by state action.
- 17 Sec. 3. NEW SECTION. 675.3 Definitions.
- 18 As used in this chapter, unless the context otherwise
- 19 requires:
- 20 1. "Demonstrates" means to meet the burdens of going forward
- 21 with the evidence and of persuasion.
- 22 2. "Exercise of religion" means the practice or observance
- 23 of religion, including any action that is motivated by a
- 24 sincerely held religious belief, whether or not the exercise is
- 25 compelled by, or central to, a system of religious belief.
- 3. "Government" includes a branch, department, agency,
- 27 instrumentality, political subdivision, official, or other
- 28 person acting under color of law of the state.
- 29 4. "State law" includes without limitation a law, ordinance,
- 30 or resolution of a political subdivision.
- 31 Sec. 4. NEW SECTION. 675.4 Free exercise of religion
- 32 protected.
- 33 1. Government shall not substantially burden a person's
- 34 exercise of religion, even if the burden results from a rule
- 35 of general applicability, unless it is demonstrated that

S.F. 436

- 1 applying the burden to that person's exercise of religion is
- 2 in furtherance of a compelling governmental interest and is
- 3 the least restrictive means of furthering that compelling
- 4 governmental interest.
- 5 2. A person whose exercise of religion has been burdened
- 6 in violation of this chapter may assert such violation as a
- 7 claim or defense in a judicial or administrative proceeding
- 8 and obtain appropriate relief. Standing to assert a claim or
- 9 defense under this chapter shall be governed by the general
- 10 rules of standing under state and federal law.
- 11 Sec. 5. NEW SECTION. 675.5 Applicability.
- 12 This chapter applies to all state and local laws and the
- 13 implementation of state and local laws, whether statutory
- 14 or otherwise, and whether adopted before, on, or after the
- 15 effective date of this Act.

21

16 Sec. 6. EFFECTIVE UPON ENACTMENT. This Act, being deemed of

This bill relates to the standard of judicial review when a

- 17 immediate importance, takes effect upon enactment.
- 18 EXPLANATION
- The inclusion of this explanation does not constitute agreement with the explanation's substance by the members of the general assembly.
- 22 state action burdens a person's exercise of religion.
- 23 Under current law, a court is not required to apply
- 24 heightened scrutiny when reviewing a law that burdens a
- 25 person's exercise of religion when such law is generally
- 26 applicable. The bill provides that a court shall apply the
- 27 compelling interest test set forth in Sherbert v. Verner, 374
- 28 U.S. 398 (1963) and Wisconsin v. Yoder, 406 U.S. 205 (1972) in
- 29 such cases, so that state action cannot substantially burden a
- 30 person's exercise of religion unless it is demonstrated that
- 31 applying the law of general applicability is in furtherance of
- 32 a compelling governmental interest and is the least restrictive
- 33 means of furthering that interest. The bill provides that a
- 34 person whose exercise of religion has been burdened by state
- 35 action may assert such violation as a claim or defense in a

- 1 judicial or administrative proceeding.
- 2 The bill takes effect upon enactment.